



United Justice Party

Official Party Charter

DemocracyCraft

Preamble

We, the members of the United Justice Party (UJP), united by our commitment to social equity, democratic governance, and the prosperity of all citizens on DemocracyCraft, hereby establish this Charter as the governing document of our party.

The UJP exists to represent the interests of all players — particularly new and socially disadvantaged citizens — by advocating for fair economic policies, accessible housing, transparent governance, and a welcoming community. We believe that a strong democracy is built on equal opportunity, honest representation, and an active and engaged membership.

This Charter defines the structure, rights, and responsibilities of the United Justice Party and shall serve as the supreme internal law of the party.

Article I: Name, Identity, and Core Values

Section 1.1 — Name

The party shall be known as the United Justice Party, abbreviated as UJP.

Section 1.2 — Core Values

The UJP is guided by the following principles:

- Fair redistribution of wealth and social equity
- Protection and support for new and socially weaker players
- Transparent, accountable, and democratic party governance
- Equal economic opportunities and prerequisites for starting

- Unwavering support for the rights, dignity, and full inclusion of every single individual and especially LGBTQIA+ individuals — the UJP affirms that every person deserves equal protection, representation, and freedom from discrimination regardless of sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, origin, color of skin, language, and political or religious views

These values are to govern the party programme and be at the core of all decisions

Article II: Membership

Section 2.1 — Party Initiate Status

Any player on DemocracyCraft may apply to become a Party Initiate of the UJP, provided they meet the following requirements:

- The applicant must not be a member of any other political party on DemocracyCraft
- The applicant must agree to uphold the values and rules set forth in this Charter and the Party Programme

Section 2.2 — Membership Status

To become a full member of the UJP, and therefore achieve Membership Status, a player on DemocracyCraft must apply for it and meet the following requirements:

- The applicant must have a minimum of six (6) hours of total playtime on DemocracyCraft
- The applicant must meet the requirements for a Party Initiate

Membership becomes active immediately upon acceptance by the party leadership.

Section 2.3 — Voting Eligibility

To be eligible to vote in any party election or referendum, a player must meet the following activity requirements at the time of the vote:

- Possession of Membership Status
- For a Member's first election: must have been a party member for at least 2 weeks

Section 2.4 — Rights of Party Initiates

All Party Initiates are entitled to:

- Participate in the UJP'S political opinion forming process in a non-binding way
- Participate in party meetings and discussions

Section 2.5 — Rights of Members

All Full Members are entitled to:

- Vote in party elections and referendums (subject to Section 2.3)
- Submit party petitions (see Article VII)
- Participate in party meetings and discussions
- Stand for election to party positions, subject to any additional qualifications defined herein
- Join a Party Department (see Article VI)

Section 2.6 — Membership Revocation

The membership of any member may be revoked under the following conditions and procedures:

- The Chair or Vice-Chair may individually revoke the membership of a member who holds no leadership role, where urgent action is required to protect the reputation of the UJP. Such action is provisional and must be confirmed by a majority vote of the Executive Committee within 72 hours, failing which membership is automatically reinstated.
- For members holding leadership roles, revocation of membership requires initiation of the Impeachment Process defined in Article VII.

Article III: Party Leadership — Chair and Vice-Chair

Section 3.1 — Roles

The Chair and Vice-Chair together form the executive leadership of the United Justice Party. They are the organizational backbone of the party and are responsible for the day-to-day management, strategic direction, and public representation of the UJP.

Section 3.2 — Election

The Chair and Vice-Chair are elected by a party-wide vote of all eligible Full Members (subject to Section 2.3). Elections shall be held every four months, or upon the vacancy of either position.

Troniq shall serve as the inaugural Chair of the UJP until the first formal election is held.

Section 3.3 — Responsibilities

The Chair and Vice-Chair are jointly responsible for:

- Representing the UJP publicly and in government
- Overseeing and coordinating the three party departments
- Ensuring the party operates in accordance with this Charter and the Party Programme
- Working closely with the Internal Department on organizational matters

Section 3.4 — Powers

The Chair holds direct authority over the Vice-Chair and may overrule Vice-Chair decisions unilaterally. The Chair and Vice-Chair each may make decisions without consulting the Executive Committee. A four-fifths super-majority of the Executive Committee (4 of 5 votes, or 60% of the available EC) may overrule any decision made by the Chair and/or Vice-Chair. The Chair and Vice-Chair acting jointly may send any decision made by the EC back to it for careful consideration for one week, and therefore veto it for the time of one week. This veto may not be used on the same matter twice and may not be used to override Charter amendments, which are governed solely by Article X. They shall receive full admin permissions within the Discord. The chair and vice chair can delegate powers, put things up for vote by EC, and conduct community and internal investigations.

Section 3.5 — Qualifications for Chair and Vice-Chair

Candidates for Chair or Vice-Chair must satisfy at least three (3) of the following playtime criteria:

- Minimum 24 hours total playtime
- Minimum 12 hours playtime in the last 30 days
- Minimum 6 hours playtime in the last 7 days

- Account age of at least 2 months on DemocracyCraft

Candidates must also demonstrate competence by meeting at least one (1) of the following knowledge and experience criteria:

- Has operated a successful business (defined as profitable for at least 80% of its operational period and active for at least one month; assessed by the Executive Committee where disputed)
- Has passed at least one barrister examination
- Has demonstrated proven competence in DemocracyCraft law, as assessed by the Executive Committee
- Owns real estate on the server
- Has served as a member of Congress

The Department of Interior shall conduct an interview or equivalent assessment of each candidate to ensure they possess the knowledge, judgment, and character necessary to lead the party. The final decision rests with the membership vote. They shall release a formal statement on the readiness of the candidates, approved by the current chair and EC.

Section 3.6 — Missing Chair/Vice Chair

In the event there is no chair, the vice chair shall become acting chair pending a 4/5 approval vote from the EC. If the vote fails, they shall remain the vice, and the EC shall hold an election. In the event there are no candidates, at any point, for the vice or chair position, the EC can promote and decide amongst themselves on who to promote from the EC to the position of chair and vice chair. These people shall leave the EC when this occurs, and playtime requirements are ignored for this vote.

Article IV: Executive Committee

Section 4.1 — Composition

The Executive Committee (EC) is the central collective decision-making body of the UJP. It consists of five (5) elected members. The EC member position is accountable to every member apart from the Chair, Vice-chair, and Tribunal.

Section 4.2 — Election

Executive Committee members are elected by a party-wide vote of all eligible Full Members. Elections shall coincide with Chair and Vice-Chair elections wherever practicable. Elections are to be held on the 25th of each month, or when seats are empty. Elections must finish with 7 days and all power must be transitioned by then. Empty Seat elections must begin with 7 days of empty seat. To be eligible for EC, you must have been a member for 2 weeks, with Charter voting rights.

Section 4.3 — Powers and Responsibilities

The Executive Committee is responsible for:

- Collectively deliberating on and approving major party decisions
- Proposing amendments to this Charter (see Article X)

- Reviewing and acting upon party petitions that fall within its remit
- Approving or overruling Chair/Vice-Chair decisions by a four-fifths supermajority (4 of 5 votes)
- Initiating and adjudicating the Impeachment Process (see Article VII)
- Conducting candidate assessments for Chair and Vice-Chair positions
- Admin permissions on Discord
- Removing voting rights from a member, and barring them from leadership positions. This can be for a maximum time of one month.

Section 4.4 — Quorum and Voting

A quorum of at least three (3) EC members is required for any formal vote. Decisions require a simple majority unless this Charter specifies otherwise. The Chair holds a casting vote in the event of a tie. In the event the EC is not full, only 50% is required for a vote.

Section 4.5 — Investigations and Warnings

The EC may conduct internal investigations, give out formal warnings, and review any action completed by a member of the UJP. No Chair decision may cease an investigation, and a formal warning may be issued by a 3/5 vote of the EC, with 3 given to one person beginning the impeachment process, or removal of membership if they are not in a position of power for a time of 2 weeks.

Section 4.6 — EC Conferences

A fortnightly conference is to be held on the closet weekend to the 28th and 14th of each month, with prior organization being key, and the EC being present for at minimum one of the conferences in their term. This is used to bring up key issues and discuss in a better, faster environment.

Article V: The Party Tribunal

Section 5.1 — Purpose

The Party Tribunal is the UJP's independent oversight body. Its primary purpose is to safeguard the party from internal threats, including antagonistic agents, saboteurs, or any individual or faction seeking to establish an illegitimate power base that could disrupt or fragment the party. The Tribunal operates with authority independent of the Executive Committee in its oversight functions, though it participates in monthly EC conferences in an advisory and check-and-balance capacity.

Section 5.2 — Composition and Initial Members

The Tribunal shall consist of three (3) members. The initial Tribunal seats shall be filled by the two core founding leadership members of the UJP. The third one shall be filled with a by the other

two members appointed Member of the UJP. Tribunal seats are not subject to regular election cycles.

Section 5.3 — Seat Succession

A Tribunal seat may only become vacant and open to a new occupant under the following circumstances:

- The sitting Tribunal member voluntarily steps down from their seat
- The sitting Tribunal member is determined to be inactive by the remaining Tribunal members (defined as failing to participate in two consecutive monthly conferences without notice)
- The sitting Tribunal member is voted out by a unanimous vote of the other two Tribunal members, and the chair and vice chair.

In the event a seat becomes vacant, the remaining Tribunal members, in consultation with the Chair and Vice-Chair, shall appoint a successor. There are no open elections for Tribunal seats. In the event there is no tribunal members, the chair shall appoint one member, with a unanimous vote from EC.

Section 5.4 — Monthly Conference Participation

The Tribunal shall be allowed to participate as a collective body in the fortnightly conferences held jointly with the Executive Committee. It may put forward ideas, suggestions, arguments, or similar, but does not have a final voting power.

Section 5.5 — Tribunal Veto

The Tribunal holds one (3) collective vetos per fortnightly conference. This veto may be exercised by a majority decision of the Tribunal members and may be used to block any single motion, resolution, or item brought before the joint conference. A vetoed item may not be brought back before the conference in the same session but may be reintroduced at a future conference. The veto may not be used to override Charter amendments, which are governed solely by Article X, except emergency amendments.

Section 5.6 — Oversight Powers

In its capacity as the party's oversight committee, the Tribunal holds the following powers:

- To investigate any member, officer, or faction suspected of acting against the interests or integrity of the UJP
- To monitor patterns of behavior across the membership and leadership for signs of coordinated disruption or bad-faith participation
- To recommend to the Executive Committee that impeachment proceedings (Article VII) be initiated against any member or officer whose conduct it deems a threat to the party
- To issue formal warnings to members or officers found to be acting contrary to the party's values or this Charter, acting the same as EC warnings. Issuing a warning uses one of the fortnightly vetos.
- To refer matters of serious concern to the full membership where it determines the EC alone is an insufficient or conflicted body to act
- Veto any emergency amendments with a unanimous vote. This does not use a veto.

Section 5.7 — Tribunal Independence

The Tribunal operates independently of the Executive Committee in its oversight functions. No action by the Chair, Vice-Chair, or EC may compel the Tribunal to drop or modify an active

investigation. Tribunal members may not be impeached by the EC for actions taken in good faith in the exercise of their oversight duties; removal of a Tribunal member is governed solely by Section 5.3. The Tribunal shall hold an open conference on the closet weekend to the 1st and 21st of each month, with their vetos being used then.

Article VI: Party Departments

Section 6.1 — Overview

The UJP operates through three standing departments, each led by a Head of Department. Departments are responsible for the operational functioning of the party in their respective areas.

Section 6.2 — The Three Departments

Public Affairs Department

Responsible for external communications, advertising, campaign activities, community engagement, and growing the UJP's membership. This includes artistic and cultural initiatives (e.g. events, food, arts) that represent the party publicly.

Programme Department

Responsible for the ongoing development of the Party Programme, in-depth analysis of proposed legislation and bills, support for UJP legislators, and reviewing policy and agenda suggestions submitted by members. The Programme Department is the primary body for reviewing party petitions of a legislative or policy nature.

Internal Department

Responsible for internal organization, record-keeping, party funding, document management, and administrative functions. The Internal Department works in close coordination with the Chair and Vice-Chair.

Section 6.3 — Heads of Department

Each department shall be led by a Head of Department, appointed by the Chair and Vice-Chair in consultation with the Executive Committee. The Heads of Department are accountable to the Chair, Vice-Chair, and Executive Committee.

Section 6.4 — Member Participation

Any Full Member may join a Party Department. Departments may create internal sub-committees or working groups as needed.

Article VII: Impeachment and Removal from Leadership

Section 7.1 — Grounds for Impeachment

Any member of the party leadership (Chair, Vice-Chair, Executive Committee member, or Head of Department) may be subject to impeachment for conduct including but not limited to: serious violation of this Charter, abuse of power, conduct unbecoming of a UJP leader, or sustained failure to fulfil their duties.

Section 7.2 — Initiating the Process

Impeachment proceedings may be initiated by either:

- A joint decision of the Chair and Vice-Chair, or
- A motion supported by at least three of the seven EC members (including the Chair and Vice-Chair)

The initiation of impeachment proceedings triggers a formal review process and does not itself constitute removal.

Section 7.3 — Decision

A final decision to remove a leadership member requires a vote of at least four of the five Executive Committee members (4/5 supermajority) in favor of removal. Multiple rounds of voting may be held if an initial vote does not reach this threshold. The subject of the impeachment may not vote in their own proceedings. In the event an EC member is impeached, the chair may vote instead.

Section 7.4 — Appeals

A removed member may appeal to the full party membership within 14 days of removal. A party-wide vote (simple majority of eligible voters) may overturn the EC's removal decision. The Chair and Vice-Chair shall administer this process. To be eligible for an appeal, there must have been 2 or more rounds of voting, proving some doubt.

Article VIII: Party Petitions

Section 8.1 — Purpose

Party petitions are a mechanism for Full Members to formally raise issues, propose policy changes, or draw the party's attention to matters of concern. They are designed to keep the party leadership connected to and accountable to the broader membership.

Section 8.2 — Submission and Threshold

Any Full Member may draft and circulate a party petition. Once a petition has gathered sufficient signatures from Full Members (the threshold to be determined by the EC and published separately), it must be formally discussed by the relevant body:

- Petitions relating to party policy, legislation, or the Party Programme shall be referred to the Programme Department
- Petitions relating to internal party matters, leadership, or this Charter shall be referred to the Executive Committee

Section 8.3 — Response

Upon reaching the required threshold, the relevant body must acknowledge the petition within 7 days and issue a formal response or decision within 30 days. The outcome of the deliberation shall be communicated to all party members.

Article IX: Caucuses

Section 9.1 — Permissibility

Caucuses — informal groupings of members organized around specific interests, issues, or policy areas — are permitted within the UJP, subject to the following conditions:

- A caucus must register with the Internal Department and declare its purpose
- A caucus may not adopt positions that contradict the Party Programme or this Charter
- A caucus has no formal powers within the party structure; it may submit petitions and contribute to party discussions but cannot bind the party or its departments
- The EC may dissolve a caucus by majority vote if it acts contrary to party values or the Charter

Article X: Amending the Charter

Section 10.1 — Proposal

Any member of the Executive Committee may propose an amendment to this Charter. For a proposed amendment to proceed to a membership referendum, it must receive the support of at least three of the five EC members (3/5 majority).

Section 10.2 — Referendum

An approved amendment proposal must be put to a referendum of all eligible Full Members. The amendment is adopted if it receives a simple majority of votes cast. Eligible members must be given at least 7 days' notice before the referendum is held.

Section 10.3 — Emergency Amendments

In exceptional circumstances, the EC may adopt a temporary interim amendment together with the chair and vice-chair by a 6/7 supermajority, effective for no more than 30 days, pending a full membership referendum.

Article XI: The Party Programme

Section 11.1 — Status

The Party Programme is a separate document that sets out the UJP's policy positions and legislative agenda. It is subordinate to this Charter but shall be treated as an authoritative statement of party policy.

Section 11.2 — Review

The Programme Department is responsible for ongoing review and proposed revisions to the Party Programme. Any substantial revision to the Programme must be approved by the Executive

Committee and, where it represents a fundamental change in direction, put to a membership referendum.

Article XII: General Provisions

Section 12.1 — Interpretation

In the event of any ambiguity or dispute regarding the interpretation of this Charter, the Executive Committee must propose an amendment to the charter to clarify it. This amendment shall be put to a referendum and follow the same process as any charter amendment (see X)

Section 12.2 — Supremacy

This Charter is the supreme internal document of the United Justice Party. In the event of conflict between this Charter and any other party document (including internal rules, resolutions, or departmental guidelines), this Charter shall prevail.

Section 12.3 — Enactment

This Charter enters into force upon adoption by the founding members of the United Justice Party and shall remain in force until amended or repealed in accordance with Article X.

United Justice Party — DemocracyCraft

Adopted by the Membership of the UJP